

DBX Database Status Routines

1. Introduction

The DBX alpha-test does not include any of the following database status routines:

B\$STA
B\$ST2
B\$ST2N
B\$STB
B\$FRER

This document describes the existing routines and the proposed DBX equivalent.

2. Existing Routines

This section briefly describes the existing status routines for "traditional" (i.e. non-DBX) databases:

2.1 B\$STA

This routine is called as follows:

```
CALL B$STA USING RC S1
CALL B$STA USING RC S1 S2
```

where: RC Record control block identifying the record for which status
information
is to be returned
S1 Status control block (see section 3.1)
S2 Status control block (see section 3.2)

2.2 B\$ST2

This routine is called as follows:

```
CALL B$ST2 USING RC S2X
```

where: RC Record control block identifying the record for which status
information
is to be returned
S2X Status control block (see section 3.3)

2.3 B\$ST2N

This routine is called as follows:

```
CALL B$ST2N USING X7 S2X
```

where: X7 PIC X(7) database name (e.g. "DBDEMON")

S2X Status control block (see section 3.3)

2.3.1 B\$ST2N single-parameter call implemented for GSM SP-17

For GSM SP-17 this routine was extended to support a new function to check the amount of free space in each of the records set within a database. The new functionality is invoked by calling B\$ST2N with a SINGLE parameter:

```
CALL B$ST2N USING X7
```

where: X7 PIC X(7) database name (e.g. "DBDEMON")

An exception is returned if any record set in the Global format Speedbase database has less than, or equal to, the minimum amount of free space required. Note that the details of the "almost full" record set(s) are **NOT** returned by this routine. However, changes to \$32BAGN (also implemented in GSM SP-17) will highlight the "almost full" record sets.

This routine will exit normally (i.e. without an exception) if the database is Btrieve, SQL or C-ISAM format; or if the DBxxxxx9 file is not present on the same unit as the DBxxxxx Index File.

2.4 B\$STB

This routine is called as follows:

```
CALL B$STB USING RC S3
CALL B$STB USING RC S3 S2
```

where: RC Record control block identifying the record for which status information is to be returned

 S2 Status control block (see section 3.2)

 S3 Status control block (see section 3.4)

2.5 B\$FRER

This routine is called as follows:

```
CALL B$FREF USING X7 X2 FREE
```

where: X7 PIC X(7) database name (e.g. "DBDEMON")

 X2 PIC X(2) record-id (e.g. "TR")

 FREE PIC 9(9) COMP field into which the number of free records is returned

3. Existing Control blocks

This section briefly describes the existing control blocks used by the routines described above:

3.1 S1

This control block is defined as:

01	S1		* PASSED AREA FOR RETURNED INFO
03	S1NAME	PIC X(6)	* RECORD NAME
03	S1RLN	PIC 9(4) COMP	* RECORD LENGTH
03	S1RRN	PIC 9(6) COMP	* RRN OF LAST IO OPERATION
03	S1LOCK	PIC 9 COMP	* CURRENT LOCK STATUS (0,1,2)
03	S1SIZE	PIC 9(6) COMP	* AREA SIZE IN RECORDS
03	S1FREE	PIC 9(6) COMP	* # OF FREE RECORDS IN THE AREA.

3.2 S2

This control block is defined as:

01	S2		* PASSED AREA FOR RETURNED INFO
03	S2DBID	PIC X(5)	* DATABASE ID
03	S2DGEN	PIC 9(4) COMP	* DATABASE GENERATION #
03	S2NRCS	PIC 9(2) COMP	* NO OF REC-TYPES STORED IN THE DB
03	S2BACY	PIC X	* BACKUP CYCLE ID
03	S2BASR	PIC 9(2) COMP	* INCREMENTAL BACKUP SERIAL #
03	S2SIZE	PIC 9(6) COMP	* SIZE OF INDEX BLOCK POOL IN IDBS
03	S2FREE	PIC 9(6) COMP	* NO OF FREE IDBS REMAINING

3.3 S2X

This control block is defined as:

01	S2		* PASSED AREA FOR RETURNED INFO
03	S2DBID	PIC X(5)	* DATABASE ID
03	S2DGEN	PIC 9(4) COMP	* DATABASE GENERATION #
03	S2NRCS	PIC 9(2) COMP	* NO OF REC-TYPES STORED IN THE DB
03	S2BACY	PIC X	* BACKUP CYCLE ID
03	S2BASR	PIC 9(2) COMP	* INCREMENTAL BACKUP SERIAL #
03	S2SIZE	PIC 9(6) COMP	* SIZE OF INDEX BLOCK POOL IN IDBS
03	S2FREE	PIC 9(6) COMP	* NO OF FREE IDBS REMAINING
03	S2DBNM	PIC X(5)	* DATABASE NAME (MAIN INDEX FILE)
03	S2DBUN	PIC X(3)	* DATABASE UNIT (MAIN INDEX FILE)
03	FILLER	PIC X(9)	* RESERVED. TOTAL LEN = 32 BYTES

3.4 S3

This control block is defined as:

01	S3		* AREA 3
03	S3NAME	PIC X(6)	* RECORD NAME
03	S3RLN	PIC 9(4) COMP	* RECORD LENGTH
03	S3RRN	PIC 9(6) COMP	* RRN OF LAST IO OPERATION
03	S3LOCK	PIC 9 COMP	* CURRENT LOCK STATUS (0,1,2)
03	S3SIZE	PIC 9(9) COMP	* AREA SIZE IN RECORDS
03	S3FREE	PIC 9(9) COMP	* # OF FREE RECORDS IN THE AREA.
03	S3USED	PIC 9(9) COMP	* # OF USED RECORDS

4. Proposed Replacement For B\$STA, B\$ST2, B\$ST2N & B\$STB

For GSM SP-13, and later, all the above status routines have been replaced by:

```
CALL B$ST USING RC S4
```

where: RC Record control block identifying the record for which status information is to be returned
S4 DBX Status control block (see below)

The S4 control block is defined as:

01	S4			* PASSED AREA FOR RETURNED INFO
03	S4VERS	PIC 9(4) COMP		* BLOCK VERSION NUMBER
				* (MUST BE SET TO 1 BY CALLING FRAME)
03	S4DBID	PIC X(5)		* DATABASE ID
03	S4DGEN	PIC 9(4) COMP		* DATABASE GENERATION #
03	S4NRCS	PIC 9(4) COMP		* NO OF REC-TYPES STORED IN THE DB
				* (GATEWAY MUST V3.40, OR LATER)
03	S4DBNM	PIC X(5)		* DATABASE NAME (SCHEMA FILE)
03	S4DBUN	PIC X(3)		* DATABASE UNIT (SCHEMA FILE)
03	S4NAME	PIC X(6)		* RECORD NAME
03	S4RLEN	PIC 9(4) COMP		* RECORD LENGTH
03	S4RRN	PIC 9(9) COMP		* RRN OF LAST IO OPERATION
03	S4LOCK	PIC 9 COMP		* CURRENT LOCK STATUS (0,1,2)
03	S4USED	PIC 9(9) COMP		* # OF USED RECORDS

5. Proposed Replacement For B\$FRER

For DBX databases there is no need for the B\$FRER routine.

6. Gateway, Btrieve, SQL Version Routine

For the combination of GSM SP-13, and later; and Speedbase gateway V3.41, or later, the B\$GVER routine is available to return basic version information:

```
CALL B$GVER USING RC GV
```

where: RC Record control block identifying the record for which status information is to be returned
GV Version Control Block defined as follows:

01	GV			
02	GVVERS	PIC 9(4) COMP		* BLOCK VERSION
		VALUE 1		* MUST BE SET TO 1
02	GVGATE	PIC 9(2,2) COMP		* GATEWAY VERSION
02	GVTYPE	PIC 9 COMP		* 0 =SQL, 1 =PERVASIVE
02	GVSQLE	PIC 9(4,4) COMP		* SQL/BTRIEVE VERSION
02	GVREV	PIC 9(4) COMP		* SQL REVISION
				* (OR 0 FOR BTRIEVE)

Note that the B\$GVER is available for **both** DBX and non-DBX databases.

